

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

**COURT FILE NO.:**

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NIKOLAY PETROVSKIY

Plaintiffs,

v.

GOSMITH, INC. a/k/a GOSMITH.COM

Defendants.

**COMPLAINT**

**JURY TRIAL DEMANDED**

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For this Complaint, the Plaintiff Nikolay Petrovskiy by and through undersigned counsel, states as follows:

**COMPLAINT**  
**Preliminary Statement**

1. Plaintiff Nikolay Petrovskiy bring this action under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (“TCPA”), 47 U.S.C. § 227, a federal statute enacted in response to widespread public outrage about the proliferation of intrusive, nuisance telemarketing practices. *See Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740, 745 (2012).
2. “*Month after month, unwanted robocalls and texts, both telemarketing and informational, top the list of consumer complaints received by*” the Federal Communications Commission.

3. The TCPA is designed to protect consumer privacy by prohibiting unsolicited, prerecorded calls, unless the caller has the “*prior express written consent*” of the called party.
4. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant GOSMITH, INC. a/k/a GOSMITH.COM, (hereinafter “GOSMITH”) sent numerous automated telephone SMS/Text Messages using equipment prohibited by the TCPA to promote its services without Plaintiffs prior express written consent.

### **JURISDICTION**

5. The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because the Plaintiffs claims arise under federal law.
6. Jurisdiction of this Court arises pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227 et sec.
7. Jurisdiction is further supported in this district by several recent Federal Court decisions which have explicitly vested TCPA cases in the Federal forum.
8. This action arises out of Defendants’ violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (“TCPA”), violations of orders, rules and regulations promulgated the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) relating to the TCPA, the National Do Not Call registry and by

its invasion of Plaintiffs privacy by repeatedly sending SMS/Text Messages to Plaintiffs without authorization to do so.

9. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1331(b)(2) and (3) because the Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this district and a substantial part of the property that is the subject of this action is owned by the Plaintiffs, in this District. Furthermore, venue is proper in this District because the acts and transactions occurred here, Plaintiffs resides here, and Defendant transacts business in this District.

## PARTIES

10. The Plaintiff, Nikolay Petrovskiy, is an individual residing in Brooklyn, New York.
11. The Defendant to this lawsuit is GOSMITH, INC. a/k/a GOSMITH.COM (hereinafter GOSMITH) a Delaware Corporation, is a company that conducts business in New York and initiates telephone calls or SMS/text messages for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or services. Their Registered Agent information is listed as **National Registered Agents, Inc., 160 Greentree Sr., Ste 101, Dover, DE 19904.**

## TCPA BACKGROUND

12. In 1991, Congress enacted the TCPA to regulate the explosive growth of the telemarketing industry. In so doing, Congress recognized that “[u]nrestricted telemarketing . . . can be an intrusive invasion of privacy.” *The Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991, Pub. L. No. 102-243, § 2(5) (1991) (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 227)*.
13. Unlike many federal statutes, Congress embedded the reasons for the TCPA into the statute itself with explicit Congressional Findings. *105 Stat. 2394, §§ 10, 12, 14 (notes following 47 U.S.C. § 227)*.
14. Mims explicitly cited these Congressional Findings in noting that “‘automated or prerecorded telephone calls’ . . . were rightly regarded by recipients as ‘an invasion of privacy.’” *Id.* (citing *105 Stat. 2394*). Accordingly, Congress found that:

*“Banning such automated or prerecorded telephone calls to the home, except when the receiving party consents to receiving the call or when such calls are necessary in an emergency situation affecting the health and safety of the consumer, is the only effective means of protecting telephone consumers from this nuisance and privacy invasion.”* *Id.* at § 14 (emphasis added).

15. Indeed, as the United States Supreme Court recently held in a different context, “*Modern cell phones are not just another technological convenience. With all they contain and all they may reveal, they hold for many Americans ‘the privacies of life.’*” *Riley v. California*, \_\_\_ U.S. \_\_\_, 134 S.Ct. 2473, 2494-95, 189 L.Ed.2d 430 (2014).
16. In fact, the TCPA’s most stringent restrictions pertain to computer-generated telemarketing calls placed to cell phones.
17. The TCPA categorically bans entities from initiating telephone calls using an automated telephone dialing system (or “autodialer”) to any telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service. *See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(a)(1)(iii); see also 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1).*
18. The categorical ban applies to any type of cellular telephone number, residential or business.
19. A relatively new form of unwanted telephone contact involves text messages sent to consumers’ cell phones. A telemarketer or other entity sends over the internet a large number of e-mails whose addresses identify unique cellular telephone numbers.
20. The cellular carriers convert these e-mails to text messages and forward them to the designated cell phones.

21. Due to the fact that it prohibits the use of automatic dialers to “*call*” a cell phone, the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA) generally prohibits spam text messaging and provides an explicit consumer private right of action with statutory and treble damages.
22. The FCC has ruled that the TCPA prohibition “*encompasses both voice calls and text calls to wireless numbers including, for example, short message service (SMS) calls.*”<sup>1</sup>
23. Courts have reached the same conclusions as the FCC.
24. Indeed, one court has unequivocally stated: “*a text message is a ‘call’ within the meaning of the TCPA.*”

## **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

25. Plaintiff NIKOLAY PETROVSKIY has a telephone number XXX-XXX-7214, that is assigned to a cellular telephone service.
26. Starting November, 2018, Plaintiff began receiving SMS/Text Messages to number XXX-XXX-7214 from Defendants.
27. Defendant sent SMS/Text Messages to Plaintiffs with the body of each SMS/Text Message containing invitations from GOSMITH.

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<sup>1</sup> See Report and Order, In re Rules and Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 ¶ 165, 18 F.C.C. Rcd. 14014, 2003 WL 21517853 (F.C.C. July 3, 2003). Accord In re Rules & Regulations Implementation the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 ¶ 27, 107-108, 111-115, CG Docket No. 02-278, WC Docket No. 07-135, 2015 WL 4387780, \_\_\_\_ F.C.C. \_\_\_\_ (July 10, 2015).

28. Upon information and belief, when Defendant sent these SMS/Text Messages it used equipment that had the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called and/or texted, using a random or sequential number generator and/or a predictive dialer; with the capacity to dial such numbers.
29. Each SMS/Text Message was initiated by Defendant for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or services and, therefore, each was a "*telephone solicitation*" as defined in 47 U.S.C. §227(a)(3).
30. Defendant sent numerous prohibited text/calls to Plaintiffs from November, 2018 through today. Over 70 text message records are in Plaintiff's possession. The total amount of text messages received to date by Plaintiff is over 70.
31. At no time did Plaintiff provide prior express permission for anyone to call and/or send SMS messages to his wireless number using equipment that has the capacity to store or produce random or sequential telephone numbers and / or with the use of a predictive dialer.

32. Plaintiffs seek damages for any and all calls and/or SMS messages that Defendant made to Plaintiffs telephone number in violation of the TCPA and the rules, regulations and orders. (See 47 U.S.C.227 et seq.)

**COUNT I**  
**VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION**  
**ACT, 47 U.S.C. 227, ET SEC.**

33. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
34. The TCPA prohibits the making of any call – without prior express consent of the called party – by using any automatic telephone dialing system or artificial or prerecorded voice to any cellular telephone. Defendants violated the TCPA and Plaintiffs right to privacy by electronic transmission of written material to the cellular telephone of the Plaintiffs, namely unsolicited commercial advertisements through SMS/Text Message calls using an automatic telephone dialing system and/or using an artificial and prerecorded message.
35. These text message advertisement calls were made without the prior express invitation or permission of Plaintiff.
36. Defendant has, therefore, violated the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

37. As a result of Defendant's unlawful conduct as alleged herein, the Plaintiffs suffered actual damages and, under the TCPA and are entitled, *inter alia*, to damages of at a minimum of \$500.00 in damages for each such violation of the TCPA, and are entitled to damages in the amount of \$1,500.00 per violation which are willful and wanton.

**COUNT II  
INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

38. The Plaintiffs incorporate by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.

39. Defendant and/or its agents or independent contractors have possession, custody and control of the business records, databases, computer systems and other information and equipment necessary to prove the allegations and assertions of the Plaintiffs complaint and nature of the willful and wanton conduct perpetrated by the Defendant. Unless immediate injunctive relief is ordered, the Defendant will alter, erase, delete, destroy or otherwise dispose of and remove such systems, records and equipment. For this reason, Plaintiffs are entitled to an order prohibiting and enjoining Defendant and its agents or independent contractors from altering, deleting, destroying or otherwise disposing of any documents, records, databases or computer systems that are necessary prove the Plaintiffs allegations.

40. Defendant should be enjoined from further violations of the TCPA.

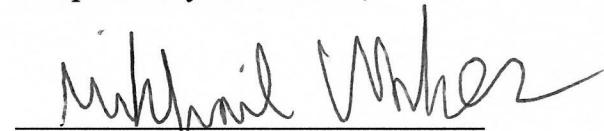
**PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiffs prays that judgment be entered against Defendants:

- A. An award of actual and/or statutory damages to Plaintiff.
- B. An injunction requiring Defendants to ceases all wireless spam activities. Restraining Defendants from altering, erasing, changing, deleting, destroying or otherwise removing or disposing of any documents, records, databases, computer systems and the like currently in its possession or control or in the possession or control of its agents and contractors.
- C. An order preliminarily and permanently enjoining Defendant's from engaging in the practices challenged herein.
- D. Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and
- E. Such further and other and other relief the Court deems just, proper and equitable.

Dated: Brooklyn, New York  
November 30, 2018

Respectfully submitted,



Mikhail Usher, Esq.  
2711 Harway Avenue  
Brooklyn, NY 11214  
Ph: (718) 484-7510  
Fx: (718) 865-8566  
[musheresq@gmail.com](mailto:musheresq@gmail.com)